## **Indigo Printing Tips from RIT**

- A.) 1<sup>st</sup> Transfer Calibration (plate to blanket)
  - 4-5 is ideal
  - 3-7 is acceptable
  - 1,2, 8, 9 are not acceptable
  - Blanket temperature must be stabilized at running temp before starting calibration.
  - Changing blanket temp. will change blanket cylinder diameter.
  - 1<sup>st</sup> transfer must be recalibrated when blanket temp is changed
- B.) 2<sup>nd</sup> Transfer (Blanket to Impression Cylinder)
  - gap set by caliper
  - for metric screen caliper is entered in mm.
  - mm conversion = (paper thickness in .001's)  $\times$  (25.4 mm/inch)
  - example for 11 pt paper .011" x 25.4 mm/inch = .279 mm .279 is entered on screen for caliper
  - This transfer is not user calibrated. Calibration only done by HP Service Technician
- C.) Advanced Tab under "Substrate Settings" (5500) for changing Force between Blanket and Impression cylinders
  - Standard force is 100 kg
  - Force can be changed  $\pm$  30 kg (70 130 kg)
  - RIT uses 100 kg for Certification
  - Sheet size and paper type will affect force applied Uncoated paper = higher force
  - Once Force setting is changed it will remain at that level. It does not default back to 100 kg at the next power up.
- D.) Blanket Temperature
  - Std Temperature = 160 deg C
  - A new blanket may be run at 150 C to get better transfer of highlight dots. Once a blanket has been run in the temp will be increased to 160C A worn blanket has better highlight dot transfer than a new blanket.
  - For RIT certification blanket Temp = 160 C
- E.) GSM values set up feeder:
  - Adjust feed head angle
  - Adjust duration of air blast